CARDIAC RESYNCHRONIZATION THERAPY (CRT) DEVICES

Allure™ RF

Cardiac Resynchronization Therapy Pacemaker Merlin@home™ Transmitter Compatible

Product Highlights

- Angled header and physiologic tear drop shape provide better lead wrap
- CorVue™ Congestion Monitoring feature monitors the intrathoracic impedance and provides the option for both patient and physician alerts
- The DirectTrend[™] Report provides a summary of three month daily, one year weekly or one year daily diagnostic trends
- Better patient utilization from day one when paired with the Merlin@home™ transmitter at point of care¹
- AT/AF Alerts can be programmed to notify clinics when a programmed AT/AF threshold or continuous episode duration has been exceeded, or when a high ventricular rate accompanies the AT/AF episode

- Exclusive AF Suppression™ algorithm is clinically proven to suppress episodes of paroxysmal and persistent AF
- AT/AF burden trend provides a graphical representation of the percentage of time in AT/AF and the number of AT/AF episodes in the previous 52 weeks
- Up to 14 minutes of stored electrograms help identify key intrinsic and pacemaker-related events and simplify the diagnosis of complex ECG rhythms associated with heart failure
- Industry-leading longevity offers eight years of service life supported by a six-year warranty*

Ordering Information

Contents: Cardiac Pulse Generator

| MODEL NUMBER | DIMENSIONS (H × W × T, MM) | WEIGHT (G) | VOLUME (CC) | CONNECTOR |
|--------------|----------------------------|------------|-------------|-----------|
| PM3222 | 55 × 59 × 6 | 24 | 14 | IS-1 |

l. Ren X et al. Patient adherence in remote follow-up of cardiovascular implantable electronic devices. $JAm\ Coll\ Cardiol.\ 2012;59:E645,\ doi: 10.1016/SO735-10097(12)60646-9.$

*Longevity calculated based on the following settings: 2.5V \oplus 0.4 ms (RA/RV/LV), 500 ohms, DDD, 60 BPM, 100% Bi-V Pacing, 100% Atrial Pacing and Stored EGMS on

Indications: Implantation of a CRT-P is indicated in one or more of the following permanent conditions: syncope, presyncope, fatigue, disorientation due to arrhythmia/bradycardia, or any combinations of those symptoms. Implantation of a CRT-P is indicated for patients who would benefit from resynchronization of the right and left ventricles of have one or more conventional indications for the implantation of a pacemaker. Rate-Modulated Pacing is indicated for patients with chronotropic incompetence, and for those who would benefit from increased stimulation rates concurrent with physical activity. Pual-Chamber Pacing is indicated for those patients exhibiting: sick sinus syndrome, chronic, symptomatic second- and third-degree AV block, recurrent Adams-Stokes syndrome, symptomatic builderal bundle branch block when tachyarrhythmia and other causes have been ruled out. Atrial Pacing is indicated for patients with sinus node dysfunction and normal AV and intraventricular conduction systems. Ventricular Pacing is indicated for patients with sinus rhythm with only rare episodes of A-V block or sinus arrest, chronic atrial fibrillation, severe physical disability. AF Suppression algorithm is indicated for suppression of paroxysmal or persistent atrial fibrillation episodes in patients with one or more of the above pacing indications.

Contraindications: Implanted Cardioverter-Defibrillator (ICD). Devices are contraindicated in patients with an implanted cardioverter-defibrillator. Rate-Adaptive Pacing may be inappropriate for patients who experience angina or other symptoms of myocardial dysfunction at higher sensor-driven rates. An appropriate Maximum Sensor Rate should be selected based on assessment of the highest stimulation rate tolerated by the patient. AF Suppression "stimulation is not recommended in patients who cannot tolerate high atrial-rate stimulation. Dual-Chamber Pacing, though not contraindicated for patients with chronic atrial flutter, chronic

atrial fibrillation, or silent atria, may provide no benefit beyond that of single-chamber pacing in such patients. Single-Chamber Ventricular Demand Pacing is relatively contraindicated in patients who have demonstrated pacemaker syndrome, have retrograde VA conduction or suffer a drop in arterial blood pressure with the onset of ventricular pacing, Single-Chamber Atrial Pacing is relatively contraindicated in patients who have demonstrated compromise of AV conduction. Atrial Fibrillation. Allure^{PM} devices are contraindicated in patients having chronic atrial fibrillation or intermittent atrial fibrillation that does not terminate. For specific contraindications associated with individual modes, refer to the programmer's on-screen help.

Potential Adverse Events: The following are potential complications associated with the use of any pacing system: air embolism, body rejection phenomena, cardiac tamponade or perforation, hematoma, bleeding hematoma, seroma, formation of fibrotic tissue, local tissue reaction, inability to interrogate or program due to programmer or device malfunction, infection/erosion, interruption of desired pulse generator function due to electrical interference, either electromyogenic or electromagnetic, lead malfunction due to conductor fracture or insulation degradation, loss of capture or sensing due to lead dislodgement or reaction at the electrode/tissue interface, loss of desired pacing and/or sensing due to lead displacement, body reaction at electrode interface, or lead malfunction (fracture or damage to insulation), loss of normal device function due to battery failure or component malfunction, pacemaker migration or pocket erosion, pectoral muscle or diaphragmatic stimulation, phrenic nerve stimulation, pneumothorax,/hemothorax, endocarditis, excessive bleeding, induced atrial or ventricular arrhythmias, myocardial irritability, pericardial effusion, pericardial rub, pulmonary edema, rise in threshold and exit block, valve damage, cardiac/coronary sinus dissection, cardiac/coronary sinus or cardiac vein thrombosis.

Refer to the User's Manual for detailed indications, contraindications, warnings, precautions and potential adverse events.

Product Specifications

PHYSICAL SPECIFICATIONS

| Models | PM3222 |
|--|---|
| Telemetry | RF |
| Dimensions (mm) | 55 x 59 x 6 |
| Weight (g) | 24 |
| Volume (cc)1 | 14 |
| Connector | IS-1 |
| | |
| PARAMETER | SETTINGS |
| TANAMETER | 321111403 |
| Resynchronization Therapy | |
| QuickOpt™ Timing Cycle | Sensed/Paced AV Delay; Interventricular Paced Delay |
| Optimization | |
| RV and LV Pulse Width (ms) | 0,05; 0,1–1,5 in steps of 0,1 |
| RV and LV Pulse Amplitude (V) RV Pulse Configuration | 0,25–4,0 in steps of 0,25; 4,5–7,5 in steps of 0,5 Unipolar; Bipolar |
| LV Pulse Configuration | Unipolar; Bipolar; LV Tip–RV Ring; LV Ring–RV Ring |
| Ventricular Sense Configuration | BV Unipolar Tip; BV Bipolar; RV Unipolar Tip; RV Bipolar; |
| g | Distal Tip 1-Mid 2; Distal Tip 1-Can; and Distal Tip 1-RV Tip |
| First Chamber Paced | Simultaneous ² ; RV; LV |
| SyncAV™ CRT Delta | Off; -10 to -120 in steps of 10 |
| Shortest AV/PV Delay (ms) | 25–50 in steps of 5; 60–120 in steps of 10 |
| Output/Sensing | |
| Atrial ACap™ Confirm | On; Off; Monitor |
| Primary Pulse Confirmation | Bipolar |
| Backup Pulse Confirmation | Bipolar |
| Backup Pulse Amplitude (V) | 5,0 |
| Searchable Intervals (hrs) Atrial Pulse Configuration | 8; 24 Unipolar (tip–case); Bipolar (tip–ring) |
| Atrial Pulse Configuration Atrial Sense Configuration | Unipolar (tip-case); Bipolar (tip-ring); Unipolar Ring |
| Titali pense comiguration | (ring-case) |
| Atrial Sensitivity ^{3,4} (Fixed) (mV) | 0,1-0,5 in steps of 0,1; 0,75-2,0 in steps of 0,25; 2,5-5,0 in steps |
| Atrial Bulan Associated a GO | of 0,5 |
| Atrial Pulse Amplitude (V) Atrial Pulse Width (ms) | 0,25-4,0 in steps of 0,25; 4,5-7,5 in steps of 0,5 0,05; 0,1-1,5 in steps of 0,1 |
| | |
| RVCap™ Confirm | On; Off; Monitor |
| Searchable Interval (hrs) LVCap™ Confirm | 8; 24 On; Off; Monitor |
| Searchable Interval (hrs) | 8; 24 |
| SenseAbility™ Technology | Off; On (Automatic Sensitivity Control adjustment for atrial and |
| | ventricular events) |
| A Max Sensitivity (mV) | 0,2-1,0 in steps of 0,1 |
| V Max Sensitivity (mV) | 0,2-2,0 in steps of 0,1 |
| Threshold Start | (Atrial and Ventricular Post-Sense) 50; 62,5; 75; 100% |
| | (Atrial Post-Pace) 0,2–3,0 in steps of 0,1 mV (Ventricular Post-Pace) Auto; 0,2–3,0 in steps of 0,1 mV |
| Decay Delay (ms) | (Atrial and Ventricular Post-Sense) 0; 30; 60; 95; 125; 160; |
| | 190; 220 |
| | (Atrial Post-Pace) 0; 30; 60; 95; 125; 160; 190; 220 |
| Ventricular Sensitivity (fixed) (mV) | (Ventricular Post-Pace) Auto; 0; 30; 60; 95; 125; 160; 190; 220 0,5–12,5 in steps of 0,5 ^{3,4} |
| Rate/Timing | 0,5-12,5 in steps of 0,5 |
| Mode | A00(R); AAI(R); AAT(R); VOO(R); VVI(R); VVT(R); DOO(R); |
| THOUSE . | DVI(R); DDI(R); DDT(R); DDD(R); VDD(R); Pacing Off |
| DDT Trigger ⁵ | R wave |
| DDT Timing ⁵ | DDI |
| Base Rate (min ⁻¹) | 30-130 in steps of 5; 140-170 in steps of 10 |
| Hysteresis Rate (min-1) | Off; 30-150 in steps of 56 |
| Search Interval (min) | Off; 1; 5; 10; 15; 30 |
| Cycle Count | 1-16 |
| Intervention Rate (min ⁻¹) | Off; Same Base Rate; 80–120 in steps of 10 (Intrinsic +0; |
| Intervention Duration (min ⁻¹) | Intrinsic +10; Intrinsic +20; Intrinsic +30) 1–10 |
| Recovery Time | Fast; Medium; Slow; Very Slow |
| Rest Rate (min ⁻¹) | Off; 30–150 in steps of 5 |
| Maximum Tracking Rate (min-1) | 90-130 in steps of 5; 140-180 in steps of 10 |
| Sensed AV Delay (ms) | 25; 30-200 in steps of 10; 225-325 in steps of 25 |
| Paced AV Delay (ms) | 25; 30–200 in steps of 10; 225–300 in steps of 25; 350 |
| Ventricular Pace/Sense Refractory ⁷ (Fixed) (ms) | 125; 160–400 in steps of 30; 440; 470 ⁸ |
| Atrial Pace Refractory | 190-400 in steps of 30; 440; 4708 |
| Atrial Sense Refractory | 93; 125; 157; 190–400 in steps of 30; 440; 470 ⁸ |
| PVARP (ms) | 125–500 in steps of 25 |
| Atrial Protection Interval (ms) ⁵ | 125 |
| Far-Field Protection Interval (ms) ⁵ | 16 |
| Rate-Modulated Parameters | |
| Rate Responsive AV/PV Delay | Off; Low; Medium; High |
| Rate Responsive PVARP/VREF | Off; Low; Medium; High |
| Shortest PVARP/VREF Sensor | 125–475 in steps of 25 |
| Max Sensor Rate (min ⁻¹) | On; Off; Passive 80–150 in steps of 5; 160–180 in steps of 10 |
| Threshold | Auto (-0,5); Auto (+0,0); Auto (+0,5); Auto (+1,0); Auto (+1,5); |
| | Auto +(2,0); 1–7 in steps of 0,5 |
| Slope | Auto (-1); Auto (+0); Auto (+1); Auto (+2); Auto (+3); 1-16 |
| Reaction Time | Very Fast; Fast; Medium; Slow |
| Recovery Time | Fast; Medium; Slow; Very Slow |
| | |

| AF Management | |
|---|---|
| AF Suppression™ Algorithm | Off; On |
| Lower Rate Overdrive (min-1)5 | 10 |
| Upper Rate Overdrive (min-1)5 | 5 |
| No. of Overdrive Pacing Cycles | 15–40 in steps of 5 |
| Rate Recovery (ms) Auto Mode Switch | 8; 12 Off; DDD(R) to DDI(R); DDD(R) to DDT(R); DDD(R) to |
| Auto wode Switch | VVI(R); DDD(R) to VVT(R); VDD(R) to VVI(R); VDD(R) to VVT(R) |
| AMS Base Rate (min-1) | 40–170 in steps of 5 |
| Stored Electrograms | • |
| Options | |
| Priority Options | Off; Low; High |
| Channel | 1; 2; 3 |
| Triggers | off r are l |
| Advanced Hysteresis AMS Entry/AMS Exit/ | Off; Low; High Off; Low; High |
| AMS Entry and Exit | Oli, Low, High |
| AT/AF Detection | Off; Low; High |
| Magnet Response | Off; Low; High |
| High Atrial Rate | Off; Low; High |
| Rate (min ⁻¹) | 125–300 in steps of 25 |
| No. of Consecutive Cycles High Ventricular Rate | 2; 3; 4; 5; 10; 15; 20 Off, Lovy, High |
| Rate (min ⁻¹) | Off; Low; High 125–300 in steps of 25 |
| No. of Consecutive Cycles | 2; 3; 4; 5; 10; 15; 20 |
| PMT Termination | Off; Low; High |
| Consecutive PVCs | Off; Low; High |
| No. of Consecutive PVCs | 2; 3; 4; 5 |
| Noise Reversion | Off; Low; High |
| Other | 0 M D |
| Magnet Response Ventricular Intrinsic Preference, | Off; Battery Test Off; 50–150 in steps of 25; 160–200 in steps of 10 |
| VIP™ (ms) | 01,00 100 11 0100 01 20, 100 200 11 0100 01 10 |
| VIP Search Interval | 30 sec.; 1; 3; 5; 10; 30 min. |
| VIP Search Cycles | 1; 2; 3 |
| Atrial Tachycardia Detection Rate (min ⁻¹) | 110-200 in steps of 10; 225-300 in steps of 25 |
| Post Vent. Atrial Blanking PVAB (ms) | 60-200 in steps of 10; 225; 250 |
| Ventricular Safety Standby | Off; On |
| PVC Response | Off; Atrial Pace8 |
| PMT Options PMT Detection Rate (min ⁻¹) | Off; Passive; Atrial Pace ⁸ 90–180 in steps of 5 |
| Lead Type | Uncoded; Unipolar; Bipolar |
| NIPS Options | encoded, emporar, promi |
| Stimulation Chamber | Atrial; Right Ventricular |
| Coupling Interval ⁹ (ms) | 200-800 in steps of 10 |
| SI Count | 2–25 in steps of 1 |
| S1 ¹⁰ ; S2; S3 and S4 Cycle (ms) Right Ventricular Support Rate | Off; 100–800 in steps of 10 (Fixed or Adaptive) Off; 30–95 in steps of 5 |
| (min ⁻¹) | On, 30–33 in steps of 3 |
| Sinus Node Recovery Delay (s) | 1-5 in steps of 1 |
| Diagnostic Trends | AT/AF Activity; Exercise; Lead Impedance; P and R Wave; A and V threshold; CorVue TM Congestion Monitoring |
| CorVue™ Congestion Monitoring | and V threshold; CorVue™ Congestion Monitoring Off; On |
| CorVue Congestion Trigger | 8–18 days |
| Patient Notifiers | |
| Programmable Notifiers (On; Off) | Device at ERI; Atrial Lead Impedance Out of Range; |
| | Ventricular Lead Impedance Out of Range; LV Lead |
| | ImpedanceOut of Range; AT/AF Burden; AT/AF Episode |
| | Duration; High V Rate During AT/AF; High V Rate; |
| Device Reset | Percent BiV/RV Pacing Alert; CorVue Alert On |
| Entry into Backup VVI Mode | On |
| Audible Duration (sec) | 2; 4; 6; 8; 10; 12; 14; 16 |
| Number of Audible Alerts per Notification | 2 |
| Number of Notifications | 1-16 |
| Time Between Notifications | 10; 22 |
| (hours) | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| 1. ± 0.5 cc | |
| 2. LV first with 10 ms interventricular dela | |
| 3. Sensitivity is with respect to a 20 ms ha | |

3. Sensitivity is with respect to a 20 ms haversine test signal.4. Values 0,1–0,4 not available in a Unipolar Sense Configuration.

4. values 0,1–0,4 not available in a Unipolar sense Connguration.

5. This parameter is not programmable.

6. The highest available setting for hysteresis rate is 5 min³ below the programmed base rate.

7. In dual-chamber modes, the maximum Ventricular Refractory Period is 325 ms.

8. Programming options dependent on pacing mode.

9. During atrial NIPS in dual-chamber modes, the shortest Coupling Interval will be limited by the programmed AV/PV Delay.

10. S1 Burst Cycle is applied at the preprogrammed S1 cycle length.

Customer Support: 46-8-474-4147

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St. Jude Medical is now Abbott.

Brief Summary: Prior to using these devices, please review the Instructions for Use for a complete listing of indications, contraindications, warnings, precautions, potential adverse events and directions for use. Devices depicted may not be available in all countries. Check with your Abbott representative for product

availability in your country.

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